Focus: The Awakening Church and Life in the Thirteen Colonies



# Reading About History I

Read about history in the following resource:

George Washington's World p. ix – top of p. 9

You will be writing a narration about the chapter *A Boy of Virigina*. To prepare for writing your narration, look back over p. 5-9 in *George Washington's World*. Think about the main idea and the most important moments in this part of the reading.

After you have thought about what you will write and how you will begin your narration, turn to Unit 1 in your *Student Notebook*. For more guidance on writing a narration, see *Written Narration Tips* in the Appendix.

In Box 4, write a 10-14 sentence narration about the reading. When you have finished writing, read your sentences out loud to catch any mistakes. Check for the following things: *Did you include* **who** or **what topic** the reading was mainly about? Did you include **descriptors** of the important thing(s) that happened? Did you include a **closing sentence**? If not, add those things. Use the Written Narration Skills in the Appendix as a guide for editing the narration.

At the end of the narration, compare George Washington's behavior to Luke 16:10-13.

<u>Key Idea</u>: George Washington was born in 1732 in Virginia. When he was 11, his father died, and his half-brother Lawrence inherited the plantation at Mount Vernon. George studied hard at school, and when he was 15 he went to live with Lawrence. George became a surveyer for Lord Fairfax and used the money he earned to buy land. When his brother died, George inherited Mount Vernon too.



#### State Study

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Read p. 20-21 of *Children's Atlas of the U.S.A.* Then, open to p. 181 of *Map Trek Outlines.* As you label and color your Student Map of Delaware, refer to *Map Trek Atlas* p. 181. The star designates the capital of the state.

Key Idea: Delaware was the 1<sup>st</sup> state.





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Read the following assigned pages:

🔭 Amos Fortune: Free Man p. 3-13

After the assigned reading, think about the following questions: *What impressions have you formed about At-mun? Explain.* (evaluation) *What is the relationship between At-mun and his sister Ath-mun? On what are you basing your answer?* (analysis) Be prepared to share your answers if asked.

<u>Key Idea</u>: Ponder the reading using higherlevel thinking questions as a prompt.



#### Timeline

You will be adding to your timeline in your *Student Notebook* today. In Unit 1 – Box 1, draw and color a headband with a single feather. Label it, *Pontiac, Ottawa Boy (born approximately 1720 A.D.)*.

In Box 2, draw and color a heart with a cross over it. Label it, *The First Great Awakening (1730's A.D.)*.

In Box 3, draw and color a paint palette and a cat hair paintbrush. Label it, *Benjamin West - Painter (born 1738 A.D.)*.

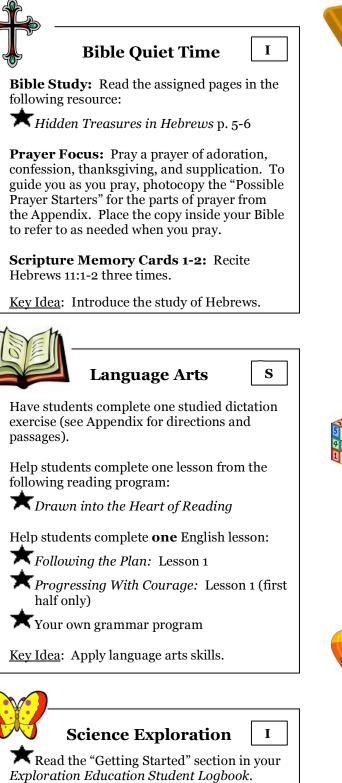
<u>Key Idea</u>: Pontiac was an Ottawa Indian, Benjamin West was a Quaker painter, and George Washington was a soldier and a statesman. Although very different from each other, all three men lived at the time of the Great Awakenings in America.

## Independent History Study

Look over the two-page spread titled "People who were living when George Washington was a Boy" on p. xii-xiii of *George Washington's World*. What interesting facts do you notice?

<u>Key Idea</u>: Daniel Boone, Benjamin Franklin, and Johann Sebastian Bach were all alive in the early 1700's.

Focus: Language Arts, Math, Bible, Music, and Science



Then, complete the lesson for Chapter 1.1.

Key Idea: Use the Scientific Method to explore physical science principles.

Unit 1 - Day 1



**Biblical Worldview** 

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The Biblical Worldview study listed below is scheduled twice weekly for you and your child to do together. Our plans intend for the listed pages in Who Is God? And Can I Really Know *Him?* to be read either silently by both you and your child, or read aloud to the child by you. Either method of reading lends itself to deeper thinking about the topics and questions presented in the text. This study also has much to be gained by discussion, as it provides an excellent opportunity to share what **you** believe

Read and discuss with the students the following pages in the resource below.

🔭 Who Is God? And Can I Really Know Him? p. 15-19

Key Idea: It is wise to build our lives upon God as our foundation. He is our rock, our refuge, and our strength. His Word is our guide.



#### **Math Exploration**

Choose **one** of the math options listed below.

Singapore Primary Mathematics 6A/6B, Apologia Math 6, Mastering Essential Math Skills, Principles of Mathematics Book 1, or Understanding Pre-Algebra

🔭 Your own math program

Key Idea: Use a step-by-step math program.



**Inventor Study** 

**X** Read *The Story of Inventions* p. 78-79. Open The Collector's Gallery of Innovation to Exhibit 1: Paper, Printing & Writing. Use the pages you read today to help you complete Card 1.

Key Idea: Types of writing, as well as the tools used for writing, have changed many times over thousands of years. Sumerian cuneiform is one of the oldest known types of writing.

Focus: The Awakening Church and Life in the Thirteen Colonies



Key Idea: There were many Eastern Woodland Native American tribes.



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Read the following assigned pages:

🗮 Amos Fortune: Free Man p. 14-33 After the assigned reading, think about these questions: How did At-mun change on the vouage from his village and on the Middle *Passage? What caused the change?* (analysis) Why had At-mun chosen not to speak, until he answered the man in gray? (evaluation) Be prepared to share your answers if asked.

Key Idea: Ponder the reading using higherlevel thinking questions as a prompt.

Poetry

Read aloud to yourself the poem "The Barefoot Boy" by John Greenleaf Whittier (see Appendix). Whittier was born in 1807 to a Quaker family. He grew up on a farm near Haverhill, Massachusetts, and later became a popular American poet. He is known as one of the "Fireside Poets", along with Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, James Russell Lowell, William Cullen Bryant, and Oliver Wendell Holmes. These American poets were so popular that they rivaled British poets like Lord Alfred Tennyson. The Fireside Poets' works were written in a way that made them easy to memorize, recite, and share around the fireside. "The Barefoot Boy" captures the feeling of youth and the joy of running outside barefoot. Open your Student Notebook to Unit 1. In Box 6, copy the title of the poem, the poet's name, and the first 10 lines of the poem.

Key Idea: Daniel Boone spent much time outdoors as a boy.



#### Research

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**X** If you have chosen to use *The Signers* for research, read p. vii-x as an overview of the history of the signing of the Declaration of Independence. If you are not using The Signers, read about the events leading up to the signing of the Declaration of Independence in your chosen resource instead.

Key Idea: As the colonies' grievances against England mounted, tensions grew and independence was eventually declared.

Focus: Language Arts, Math, Bible, Music, and Science



#### **Bible Quiet Time**

**Bible Study:** Read the assigned pages in the following resource:

Hidden Treasures in Hebrews: Layer One p. 7-9 (number 1 only)

**Prayer Focus:** Pray a prayer of adoration, confession, thanksgiving, and supplication. To guide you as you pray, refer to the "Possible Prayer Starters" that you photocopied from the Appendix on Day 1. Keep the copy inside your Bible to refer to as needed when you pray.

**Scripture Memory Cards 1-2:** Recite Hebrews 11:1-2 three times and memorize vs. 1.

Key Idea: Introduce the study of Hebrews.



Language Arts

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Have students complete one studied dictation exercise (see Appendix for directions and passages).

Help students complete one lesson from the following reading program:

🖈 Drawn into the Heart of Reading

Help students complete **one** English lesson:

Following the Plan: Lesson 2

▼ *Progressing With Courage:* Lesson 1 (last half only)

Your own grammar program

Key Idea: Apply language arts skills.



#### **Science Exploration**

Complete the *Exploration Education* lesson for Chapter 1.2 and record your responses in the *Student Logbook*.

<u>Key Idea</u>: Build an electric racer to experiment with forces.

Unit 1 - Day 2



#### **Music Appreciation**



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Read the following assigned pages:

A Young Scholar's Guide to Composers "Student Introduction" p. xxiii-xxiv (Note: We will not be creating the Folderbook mentioned on p. xxiv.)

Next, read the "Companion Guide" section on p. xv of *A Young Scholar's Guide to Composers*. Follow the instructions to download the free digital *Companion Guide*. Be sure to save a PDF of your download in a file on your computer. Then, print "Note-Taking Pages and Student Reviews" from the *Companion Guide* for your student. Also, print the "Answer Key for Note-Taking Pages and Student Reviews" of the *Companion Guide*. You will need these pages for future lessons.

<u>Key Idea</u>: The major periods of music include the Middle Ages, Renaissance, Baroque, Classical, Romantic, and Modern Periods.



#### Math Exploration

Choose **one** of the math options listed below.

Singapore Primary Mathematics 6A/6B, Apologia Math 6, Mastering Essential Math Skills, Principles of Mathematics Book 1, or Understanding Pre-Algebra

Your own math program

Key Idea: Use a step-by-step math program.



Inventor Study

Read *The Story of Inventions* p. 68-69. Open *The Collector's Gallery of Innovation* to Exhibit 1: Paper, Printing & Writing. Use the pages you read today to help you complete Card 2.

<u>Key Idea</u>: Ancient Egyptians used stems from papyrus plants to create paper. Thousands of years later, the ancient Chinese invented the first modern paper when searching for something less expensive than silk to write upon.

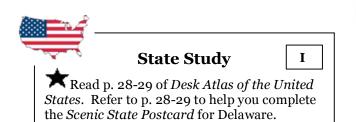
Focus: The Awakening Church and Life in the Thirteen Colonies



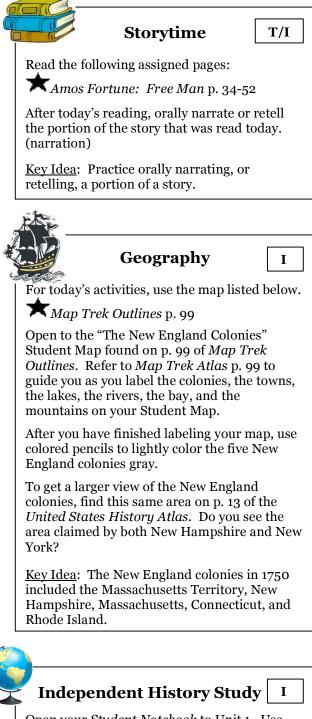
<u>Key Idea</u>: Eastern Woodland tribes inhabited much of the area of the original 13 colonies.

of each feather. Save the feathers for Day 4.

feather out and make tiny snips along the edges



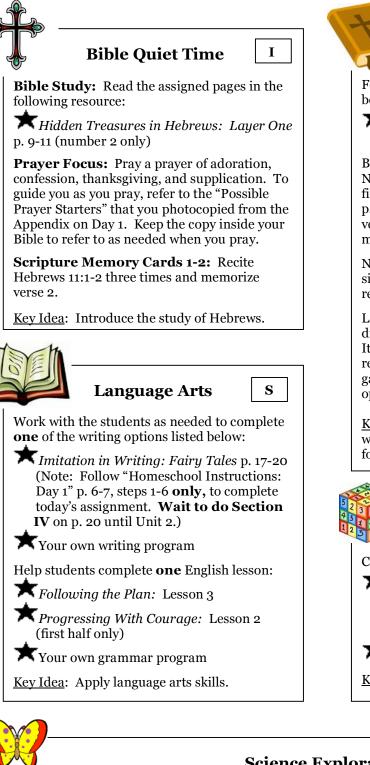
Key Idea: Delaware was the 1st state.



Open your *Student Notebook* to Unit 1. Use colored pencils to color the picture of John Hancock in Box 7. Beneath the box, sign John Hancock's name, using the signature on p. 16 of *George Washington's World* as a guide.

<u>Key Idea</u>: John Hancock's signature on the Declaration of Independence became famous.

Focus: Language Arts, Math, Bible, Music, and Science



Unit 1 - Day 3



For today's activities, use the pages listed below.

**Biblical Worldview** 

🖈 Who Is God? And Can I Really Know *Him?* p. 20-21

Begin the lesson by going over the "Words You Need to Know" on p. 21. Then, have students find the verses from "Hide It in Your Heart" p. 21 in their own Bibles. Have them read the verses, highlight them, and ponder their meaning.

Next, both you and the students should either silently read p. 20 - top of p. 21, or you should read the pages aloud to the students.

Last, read "Make a Note of It". For today, discuss students' responses to "Make a Note of It", rather than having students write their responses down. This study has much to be gained by discussion, as it provides an excellent opportunity to share what **you** believe.

Key Idea: Jesus is the rock upon whom the wise man builds his life. In contrast, the foolish man builds his life upon worldly things.



#### **Math Exploration**

Choose one of the math options listed below.

Singapore Primary Mathematics 6A/6B, Apologia Math 6, Mastering Essential Math Skills, Principles of Mathematics Book 1, or Understanding Pre-Algebra

🗮 Your own math program

Key Idea: Use a step-by-step math program.



#### **Science Exploration**

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Complete the *Exploration Education* lesson for Chapter 1.3, and record your responses in the Exploration Education Student Logbook.

Key Idea: Learn about pushes, pulls, and Newtons as you experiment with force upon the electric racer that you built on Day 2.

Focus: The Awakening Church and Life in the Thirteen Colonies



## Reading About History I

Read about history in the following resource:

**X** George Washington's World p. 18-22

After today's reading, open your *Student Notebook* to Unit 1. Under the painting in Box 5, write "Penn's Treaty with the Indians" by Benjamin West. Briefly think about these questions: Who is shown in the painting? What is taking place? Approximately when and where did this event take place? Why is this happening? How are the people in the painting reacting? What happened after the event?

<u>Key Idea</u>: As Abigail Adams was a young girl in Weymouth, and Pontiac was a young boy near Detroit, Benjamin West was a young Quaker boy in Pennsylvania, near Philadelphia. When West grew older, he painted William Penn's meeting with the Indians at the time of the founding of Pennsylvania.



#### **History Project**

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Get the long red strip of paper you made on Day 2 and the nine feathers you made on Day 3. Lay the red band, design facing up, on a flat surface. Stick the feathers colored side facing up, behind the headband, taking time to arrange the feathers so that they overlap. Taller feathers may be placed behind shorter feathers. Use clear tape to attach each feather securely to the undecorated side of the red strip. Then, join the two ends of the red strip together and tape them to form a circular headband. Place the headdress on your head.

<u>Key Idea</u>: Pontiac lived near Fort Detroit with the Ottawa, an Eastern Woodland tribe.



#### State Study

Read p. 80-81 of *Children's Atlas of the U.S.A.* Open to p. 211 of *Map Trek Outlines.* As you label and color your Student Map of Pennsylvania, refer to *Map Trek Atlas* p. 211.

Key Idea: Pennsylvania was the 2<sup>nd</sup> state.



## Storytime

Read the following assigned pages:

🔭 Amos Fortune: Free Man p. 53-65

After the assigned reading, think about these questions: *Can you elaborate on the reason that Amos was bothered by his reflection in the mirror?* (synthesis) *Can you assess the value or importance of being free?* (evaluation) Be prepared to share your answers if asked.

<u>Key Idea</u>: Ponder the reading using higherlevel thinking questions as a prompt.

## Worthy Words

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A primary source is something that originates in the historical time period being studied. Letters, journal entries, and the text of speeches written during the time period are primary sources. Open your Student Notebook to Unit 1 – Box 9. Read Pontiac's speech. This speech of Pontiac's has been handed down through oral tradition. After reading the speech, ask yourself the following questions: Who is Pontiac addressing in the speech? What likely led up to this speech? What is the tone of the speech? Explain Pontiac's purpose for giving the speech. What is he hoping to *qain?* Pontiac ends his speech explaining how to be happy. Without knowledge of Jesus can anyone truly be happy? In future readings, watch what happens to Pontiac and the Ottawa.

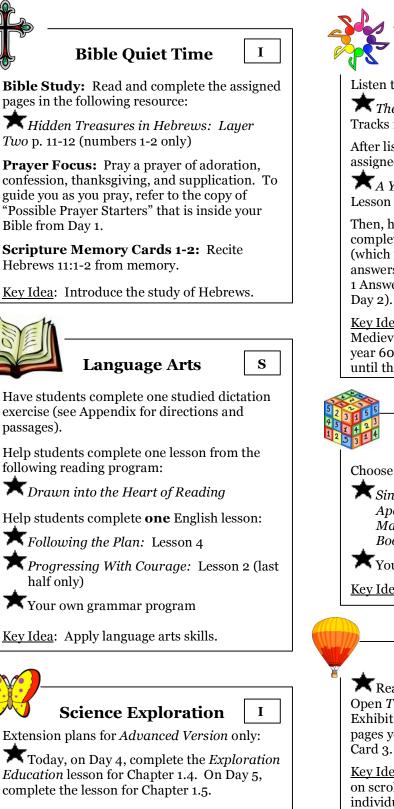
<u>Key Idea</u>: Pontiac grew up to be a persuasive Ottawa speaker and leader. He tried to stop the English from settling by the Great Lakes.

## Independent History Study

Open your *Student Notebook* to Unit 1. In Box 8, copy the following quote: *A painter is a companion of kings and emperors.* – Benjamin West

<u>Key Idea</u>: Benjamin West was a Quaker from Pennsylvania who became a famous painter.

Focus: Language Arts, Math, Bible, Music, and Science



Key Idea: Experiment with direction, magnitude, and cumulative effect and build a glider wing.

**Music Appreciation** 



Unit 1 - Day 4

Listen to the assigned tracks listed below.

The Story of Classical Music CD 1: Tracks 1-3

After listening to Tracks 1-3, read the following assigned pages:

**X** A Young Scholar's Guide to Composers Lesson 1, p. 1 - 4

Then, have students either orally narrate or complete the *Companion Guide* Lesson 1, p. 2 (which you printed on Day 2). To check the answers, refer to the Companion Guide Lesson 1 Answer Key, p. 38 (which you also printed on

Kev Idea: Music existed in Ancient Times. The Medieval Period of music began around the vear 600 with music in churches. It lasted until the Renaissance Period began.

# **Math Exploration**



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Choose **one** of the math options listed below.

Singapore Primary Mathematics 6A/6B, Apologia Math 6, Mastering Essential Math Skills, Principles of Mathematics Book 1, or Understanding Pre-Algebra

Your own math program

Key Idea: Use a step-by-step math program.

#### **Inventor Study**

**X** Read *The Story of Inventions* p. 70-71. Open The Collector's Gallery of Innovation to Exhibit 1: Paper, Printing & Writing. Use the pages you read today to help you complete

Key Idea: Books were originally handwritten on scrolls. Later, books were copied on individual pages and tied together. After the invention of moveable type, Johann Gutenberg designed a printing press that worked with the type. The press revolutionized book printing!